

Abstracts

Kiryakova A.V. MECHANISMS OF PERSON'S ORIENTATION IN THE WORLD OF VALUES

The article touches upon the issue of individual providing the development of a person's attitude to the world of values; it explains evaluation mechanisms forming his understanding of values, treats the axiological aspect of teaching.

Komarov V.P. EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM OF MODERN PROFESSIONAL SCHOOL

The modern problems decision of specialist training in professional school as harmonically developed personality requires the theoretical ground of the whole educational system on the basis of contradictions and pedagogical means in educational establishment bringing out.

Yakusheva S.D. INNOVATIONS IN EDUCATIONAL WORK ON THE STUDENTS AESTHETIC CULTURE FORMATION

The innovations influence which were inculcated in educational process and the pedagogical practice content are considered in the article. Also the article examines the teaching material of special course "The World Musical Culture History on the formation of artistic view and students' persuasion.

Florya A.V. FICTIONALITY AS DETECTIVE INTRIGUE CONSTITUENT

The article is devoted to the means system which intensify the reader's attention and raise the interest to the detective story. The educational supplies fragment "Russian Stylistics".

Moskvin V.A., Belousov Yu.D. SPECIALISTS TRAINING PSYCHOLOGICAL ASPECTS IN HIGHER EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENTS

The authors regard specialists training psychological aspects in higher educational establishments. The question of teaching psychological and pedagogical disciplines differentiation, of new special courses on psychology (answering the nowadays requires) introduction, of its own psychological service organization in the university is necessarily raised.

Geikhman L.K. TRAINING IN COMMUNICATION ON THE BASIS OF INTERACTION WITH THE OTHER

Interactive approach to the training in communication was formulated on the basis of interaction with the Other as the other culture representative. The training according to this model is considered as the training of overcoming different barriers in group work conditions with the use of video-back connection. The educational process result is the valuable attitude making to communication partner and the students communicative potential enrichment.

Gamova N.A. PEDAGOGICAL POSSIBILITIES OF DEVELOPING UNIVERSITY STUDENTS' INTERSOCIAL COMMUNICATION CULTURE

Such rapid events of the 21 century as growing intercultural contacts throughout the world, the world wide consolidation against terrorism, financial and economic consolidation of Europe, integrating processes in

CIS countries, strongly depend on a new generation of active young people, having a profound scientific knowledge, easily using modern means of communication and information, speaking foreign languages, familiar with different peoples' culture, being highly qualified professionals, meeting the world standards. Hence, the global education is to cultivate in young people the sense and awareness of being responsible for the present and future of the world they live in. This becomes possible with the system of education adopting new intersocial principles, regularities, providing the "subject – subject" relations on the innovative base.

Gaicina L.F. UNIVERSITY STUDENTS' READINESS TO MULTICULTURAL COMMUNICATION: FORMATION CRITERIA AND LEVELS

The integration processes in CIS countries, Europe and the whole world depend on a new generation of young people with multicultural education entering active life. It is students who are sure to become the base for our future society. This proves the necessity of preparing university students for multicultural communication.

Anpilogova L.V. THEORY OF LEARNING PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION BY UNIVERSITY STUDENTS

The article is devoted to the process of teaching professional communication to university students. It shows the importance of the regarded problem, reveals the meaning of "professional communication learning", analyses the stages of the process gives fundamental principles of the professional communication learning conception, which consists in creating a "field", containing different ways of creative modeling and self-planning in the process of communication as axiological interaction between different subjects during some professional activity.

Dubovitskaya T.D. PSYCHOLOGICAL AND PEDAGOGICAL PRINCIPLES OF PERSONALLY SIGNIFICANT EDUCATION IN PROFESSIONAL TRAINING

The article expresses the idea that education must be personally significant for a student. It shows the results of a study analyzing what is significant for students in the process of their professional training. The author suggests a system of methods to evaluate the significance of academic subjects for professional training and personality development. The article is to attract those, interested in professional training.

Zubova L.V. ROLE OF FAMILY PEDAGOGY IN CHILD'S PERSONALITY FORMATION

The article is devoted to one of the most interesting and important problems of a child's personality development – the transition from school pedagogy to the family one.

Nekrasova E.V. THEORETICAL AND METHODOLOGICAL FOUNDATIONS AND HYPOTHESES WHICH RESEARCH A PERSON'S VITAL WORLD CHARACTERISTICS

The article examines some theoretical and methodological foundations while researching a person's spatial and temporal organization. Some theoretical proposition

of self-organizing psychological systems are examined as these foundations. The article also gives some hypotheses which research the person's vital space characteristics.

Samoilova Iu.V. PERSONAL SPIRITUAL EDUCATION: HISTORY AND THEORY

The article analyses the formation of spiritual concepts from Antiquity up to New times. The article represents some pedagogical trends in spiritual education. Spiritual concept's content has been specified and supplemented.

Khudjacova N.L. TO SET UNIVERSAL VALUABLE SYSTEM IS THE AIM OF A PERSON'S EDUCATION IN MODERN SOCIETY

A Person's ability to develop and to organize his relations with himself and the surrounding world, adequate to values appeared, is provided with the public experience assimilating. A person's education should be realized in the following way: public experience, which teachers share with their students, should provide the students with some arising personal values. It is necessary for the students to assimilate public experience, which would let them form the relations with the world according to the values and some real life conditions.

Bistrova M.G., Riblova A.N. PROFESSIONAL SIGNIFICANT INFORMATION. IT S PRESENTATION AND TREATMENT FORMS AND PECULIARITIES

Any professional activity is connected with great amount of professional significant information. So, University staff should realize the system which would control the educational activity, promote to intensive formation and automation of the junior students and form the skills to treat maximum professional information in the shortest possible time.

Vasil'eva I.P. INTEGRAL TEACHING MODEL IN MILITARY INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION AS BASIS OF STUDENTS COGNITIVE SELF-ACTIVITY DEVELOPMENT

The article deals with the integral educational model which provides succession, humanizing teaching, and dominating aims formation taking into account individual and psychological features and possibilities of students cognitive self-activity. It'll lead not only to the professional knowledge and skill forming but also to the thinking development revealed in its creative character with pronounced cognitive self-activity.

Goncharov D.V., Egorov E.I., Kolodynsky S.G. APPLICATION OF Q-METHODOLOGY IN POLITICAL RESEARCH

This work is an attempt to introduce new methodological instrument, Q-methodology, in political science of our country. This method was not used in the sphere of political research before. So, I know only one work by Russian scientist (in co-authorship with American colleagues) with this type of research technique used. At the same time, Q-methodology has rich scientific potential and, by all means deserves the attention of Russian politologists.

Elagina V.S. NATURAL SCIENCE TEACHERS QUALIFICATION ACTIVITY AND ITS MODELING IN PREPARING FOR INTERDISCIPLINARY LINKS REALIZATION IN SCHOOL

The article considers the teachers training model as one of the methods of its cognition. Structural components of the model are connected with its functional components. Lack of connection between the components leads to their ousting from the system. If the teacher doesn't realize the importance of this problem he begins working in traditional way keeping former stereotypes.

Emel'yanova M.A. SUCCESSION IN STUDENTS' SPECIAL SKILL FORMING (socio-pedagogical aspect)

The article considers the theoretical and methodological principles of succession of students special skill forming in pedagogical institute. Successive skill forming is revealed in the process of aims, contents, methods and organization forms realization with regard for the specific character of socio-pedagogical education.

Erunov V.P., Sgibneva G.V. ESTIMATION-CRITERION SYSTEM OF STUDENTS STUDIES

The article describes the components of students studies estimation-criterion system. This system includes the evaluation of teaching results in terms of common criteria of students knowledge estimation and the evaluation of teaching efficiency in higher educational establishment. These procedures are realized with the help of rating system and system-criterion analysis.

Kozlov V.I. THE PROBLEM OF HEALTHY WAY OF LIFE DETERMINATION

The article reveals the main reasons of prophylactic programmes low efficiency. The fight against the psychological prophylactic factors regulate the healthy way of life most closely and directly. Prophylaxis should not be organized according to the suggestion of the health paramount value and illness intimidation, but according to such measures which could really contribute to the rise in needs of health preservation and strengthening.

Martynova E.A. SOCIALIZATION AS AN OBJECT AND SYSTEM-MAKING FACTOR OF FORMATION AND FUNCTIONING OF HIGHER EDUCATION AVAILABILITY SYSTEM FOR PEOPLE WITH LIMITED PHYSICAL POTENTIAL

The article reveals socialization process of people with limited physical potential within the higher education availability system. The authors show that on the basis of adequate self-appraisal students obtain the ability to control their life plans and to join the socium through their valuable activity.

Mikhailova N.M. "WORLD PATTERN" AS A RESULT OF ECOLOGY KNOWLEDGE INTEGRATION

This article reveals the problem of the scientific world formation and development pattern. The authors analyze the main components of this problem and interrelation between objective and subjective aspects in the knowledge integration.

Pischulin V.G. UNIVERSITY EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM IN BRANCH CONDITIONS

The article dwells upon the problems of "the provincial education". The author presents the results of the experiment held in Troitsky branch of Chelyabinsk State University on the humanitarian model of educational system realization.

Rassokha E.N. ENGINEER MATHEMATICAL CULTURE FORMING AS A PEDAGOGICAL PROBLEM

The problem of engineers mathematical education on the example of motor transport specialities and specialization is considered in this article. The author exposes one of the trends of mathematical education quality raising – forming of the engineer mathematical culture. It defines the notion and considers the structure of mathematical culture.

Ploskonosova V.P. SOVIET ELITE AND SOCIETY TRANSFORMATION: MYTHS AND REALITY

One of the key issues, which still provokes hot discussions and the answer which to a large extent predetermines the interpretation of socio-economic and political processes in the country, connected with understanding the nature of the power and socio-political and economic system existing during the Soviet period.

Hisamutdinova R.R. MISTAKES AND ERRORS COMMITTED DURING THE AMALGAMATION. URALS COLLECTIVE FARMS 1950-1952

The author studies problems of the Urals collective farms amalgamation in 1950-1952. The air, reasons,

course and results of this campaign are defined in this article. It reveals the mistakes and errors committed during the amalgamation of collective farms. The author gives generalized total collective farms amalgamation data and points to positive and negative results of this mass arrangement.

Bikmeyev M.A. ORGANIZATION AND PROVISION OF MOTHERLAND DEFENSE IN BASHKORTOSTAN DURING WORLD WAR II.

The article is devoted to the organization and provision of Motherland defense in Bashkortostan during World War II.

Shakirov T.S. PREVENTION OF INSURANCE FRAUD

The importance of insurance fraud prevention is difficult to revalue. However, the use of preventive measures must be founded on analysis of arising insurance fraud reasons. The study of Russian law-enforcement organs work and the foreign studies have allowed to reveal the unique situation which characterizes the reasons of insurance fraud origin, existence and progress.

Neshivenko E.A. CONCEPTUAL APPROACHES TO PROVISION OF MACHINE – BUILDING ENTERPRISE COMPETITION ON THE BASE OF DEVELOPING ITS EDUCATIONAL POTENTIAL

The criteria of providing a machine – building enterprise competition and also the conditions of its increasing on the base of educational potential modeling are presented in the article. This potential is identical to the conditions of production – economical activity.